

District Mental Health Programme (DMHP)

- The best chance for recovery is in community ; community based services are easily accessible and costeffective.
- "Community based approach for Mental Health Services"
- Strategies were successfully piloted in Bellary district, Karnataka.
- Introduced in1996 in 4 districts under NMHP
- ▶ 106 districts covered across the country during 2002-2007
- Scaled up to 123 districts till date
- Proposed to cover entire country (642 dist) by 2017

DMHP: Objectives

- To provide sustainable basic mental health services to the community and to integrate these services with other health services
- Early detection and treatment of patients within the community
- To reduce the stigma attached towards mental illness through change of attitude and public education.
- To treat and rehabilitate mental patients discharged from the mental hospital within the community
- > To shift focus and take off burden from Mental Hospitals

DMHP : Strategies

- A community based service model for delivery of basic mental health care through existing primary health care services
- Management (diagnosis & treatment) of prevalent common mental illnesses by trained Medical Officers with limited Essential Psychotropic drugs
- Support and guidance from specialists
- Detection of Common mental illness by trained Peripheral Health care providers
- Community awareness to seek early medical intervention



- Clinical Services
- *In and out patient care*
- Out-Reach(PHC & CHC)
- Referral services
- > Trainings to Health Care Providers
- > Targeted Interventions
- School Mental Health
- College Counseling Services
- Work Place Stress Management
- Suicide Prevention
- > IEC

DMHP Team

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➢ Psychiatrist

Clinical Psychologist 1

➢ Psychiatric Social Worker 1

> Psychiatric Nurse

- Programme Manager 1
- Programme Assistant 1
- Record Keeper

DMHP: Achievements

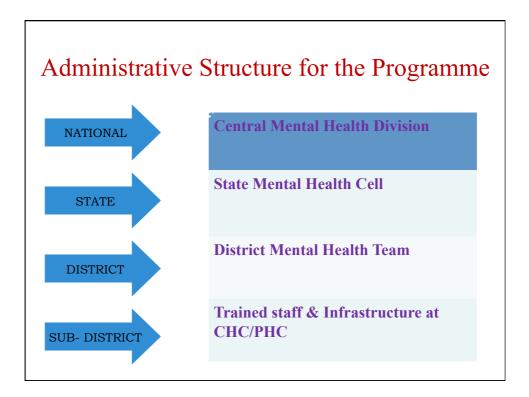
- Significant improvement in care and satisfaction among users.
- 60% of districts are able to provide mental health services at district level and 20% at primary level
- There is improvement knowledge and attitude in districts where DMHP is applicable
- > Currently DMHP is implemented in 123 districts
- As a result it is envisaged to scale up the programme to all districts of country by 2017

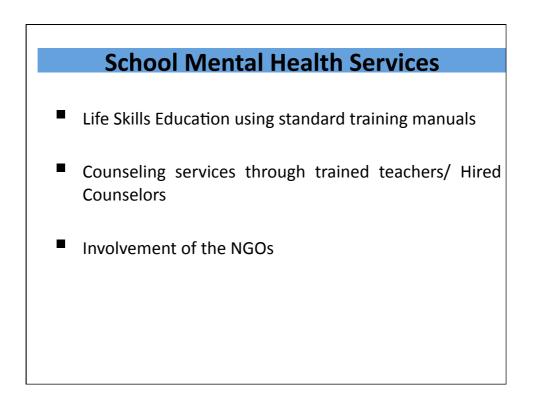
DMHP: Success factors

- The involvement of non-specialists in Mental Health Services through short term trainings
- Integration of Mental Health Services with General Health Services at district level
- ➢ Out reach Services by DMHP staff
- Public-Private Partnership

DMHP: Constraints

- Poor Community Awareness regarding treatment of mental disorders
- Stigma attached to mental illnesses
- Poor Community Involvement
- Limited treatment facilities in community
- ► Lack of skilled manpower
- Lack of Coordination between various levels of administration and departments
- Weak monitoring mechanism





College Counseling Services

- Provided by trained teachers of psychology department of the colleges
- The P.O. will organize the training at the district level in close co-ordination with the Dept. of Collegiate Education
- The trained teachers will act as counselors and as referral and support-giving agents in their respective colleges

